"By Love Serve One Another"

Galatians 5:13-15

Introduction:

- 1. Someone has observed that "our society is saturated with ME-ism." Accordingly, we are often advised to:
 - a. "Look out for number one."
 - b. "Do it to others before they do it to you."
 - c. Go by the philosophy of "what is yours is mine if I can get it, whether by hook or by crook."
- 2. This philosophy is vastly different from the teaching of Jesus Christ in general, and the teaching of Galatians in particular.
- 3. In fact, instead of advising us to "look out for number one," Galatians instructs us, saying, "By love **serve** one another." This brings us to our text, Gal. 5:13-15.
 - a. The admonition in verse 13, "by love serve one another," constitutes the title of this lesson.

Discussion:

I. Background Information:

- A. The Book briefly outlined:
 - 1. Chapters 1 and 2: Paul's Defense of the Gospel and His Apostleship.
 - 2. Chapters 3 and 4: Justification by Faith Apart from the Works of the Law.
 - 3. Chapters 5 and 6: Concluding Exhortations.
- B. Chapter Five Outlined:
 - 1. Dangers of Apostasy, Gal. 5:1-12.
 - 2. Obligations of Liberty, Gal. 5:13-15.
 - 3. Warfare between the flesh and the spirit, Gal. 5:16-26.

Note: This lesson is primarily based upon Gal. 5:13-15.

II. Examine the Text.

- A. "You have been called," Gal. 5:13.
 - 1. Paul was writing to the "churches of Galatia," Gal. 1:1.
 - a. "Church" means "the called out."
 - 2. These people had been called.
 - a. Called by the gospel. 2 Thess. 2:14 Gal. 1:6.
- B. Called "Unto Liberty," Gal. 5:13.
 - 1. God calls us to liberty.
 - a. From sin, Rom. 6:17-18.
 - b. From error, John 8:32.
 - c. The law of Moses, Gal. 4:21-31; 5:1.
 - 2. But He does not free us from law itself.
 - a. Where there is no law, "there is no transgression," Rom. 4:15; cf. I John 3:4.
 - b. All Christians are under law to Christ, I Cor. 9:21; Gal. 6:2.
- C. "Only use not liberty as an occasion to the flesh," Gal. 5:13.
 - 1. Liberty in Christ is not to be interpreted as license to indulge the flesh! Cf. Gal. 5:19-21; I Peter 2:16; Rev. 2:6,15.
 - 2. Many want freedom from all restraints: children from helping out in the home, many want freedom from having to study, the demands of work, even freedom from their marriage vows!
 - 3. Multitudes have used their political liberty, or freedom, in such a way as to become addicted, or slaves to the worst forms of bondage. Tobacco, alcohol, drugs, pornography, etc.
 - 4. Biblical "Liberty:"
 - a. Is not a starting point to digress into iniquity, but
 - b. A starting point to serve others!
- D. "But by love serve one another," Gal. 5:13.
 - 1. Freed from the bondage of the Law, brought under the bondage of love!
 - a. Paul himself was under that kind of bondage. Cf. 2 Cor. 5:14.
 - (1) "Love of Christ," 2 Cor. 5:14. His love for us? Or our love for Him? It makes no difference in the light of I John 4:19.
 - 2. Love is the antidote to strife, Gal. 5:14-15.

- a. Love is the motive behind our service!
- 3. Christians have been freed in order to serve!
 - a. Serve God.
 - b. Serve "one another," Gal. 5:13.

III. A Willingness to Be a Servant is not Natural. It must be learned.

- A. The Pharisees loved the Pre-eminence.
 - 1.Matthew 23:5-7.
 - 2. Verses 11-12.
- B. The Disciples were concerned about who would be the greatest.
 - 1. Matthew 18:1.
 - a. Note the response of Jesus, Matt. 18:2-4.
 - 2. James and John and their mother, Matt.20:20-21,24.
 - a. Note the answer of Jesus in Matt. 20:25-28.
- C. The Message of Jesus, John 13:1-5.
 - 1. Chronologically, it seems to have occurred after the dispute mentioned in Luke 22:24-30.
 - 2. The message was not:
 - a. That we should have special foot washing services in the church.
 - b. If we can't see beyond the mere washing of feet we have missed the point of the passage!
 - 3. The message declared, John 13:12-17.

IV. The Attitude Behind our Service.

- A. At best, we are "unprofitable" servants, Luke 17:7-10.
 - 1. What we have done is simply our duty.
 - a. It deserves no special mention.
 - b. The best of service is mingled with imperfection.
- B. We must serve because of love.
 - 1. The motive behind what God has done for us, John 3:16.
 - 2. The motive behind Paul's service; 2 Cor. 5:14; I Cor. 9:19-22.
 - 3. The motive behind:
 - 1. Our service to God, Matt. 22:37-38; John 14:15.
 - 2. Our interaction with each other, Gal. 5:13; Gal. 6:1-2; Col. 2:2.
 - 3. Our interaction with our neighbors, Matt. 22:39: Luke 10:29-36; Rom. 13:8.
- C. The good we can do for others.
 - 1. Often times it involves ourselves, our time, and our means.
 - a. Transportation to worship.
 - b. To a sick person's home, and a willingness to do whatever needs to be done.
 - c. To a shut-in, offer to mop floor, wash windows, mow law, run errands, etcd.
 - d. Just a friendly call, listening ear, etc.
 - 2. The place where it should begin at home!

Conclusion:

- 1. Galatians has been called "the Magna Charta of Christian Liberty."
- 2. Paradoxically, all true Christians have obtained freedom; yet they remain servants!
 - a. They were "servants of sin," Rom. 6:17.
 - b. They obey the gospel and become "free from sin,"
 - c. And they also become "servants of righteousness," Rom. 6:18
- 3. Have you, through obedience unto the gospel, become a servant "of righteousness?"
 - --Bobby Witherington, Jan. 17, 2016